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#60011E Rev. 2 July.7, 2022







Feature

# S3X58-HF1100-3

# Contents Feature Specification Printability Viscosity stability Meltability Voiding Flux splattering Electrical reliability Halogen content General properties Handling guide

- Solder alloy composition : Sn3.0Ag0.5Cu
- Exhibits excellent print quality response with >1hour stencil idle time
- Powerful wetting as good as Halogen containing solder paste
- Succeeded to drastically mitigate flux splattering
- Realizes low voiding with BTCs (e.g., Pw.Tr., QFN, LGA) and BGA
- Comply with Halogen Free standard (CI+Br = 0ppm): BS EN14582
   No artificial addition of any halogen element
- Flux type: ROL0 (CI+Br+I+F = <0.05% / IPC J-STD-004B and 004C)
- RoHS, REACH compliant product













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## S3X58-HF1100-3

#### Feature – Enhanced flux COAGULATION technique Flux formulation of S3X58-HF1100-3 is specifically designed to exhibit enhanced flux coagulation at the time when the solder starts to melt. Instant coagulation and evacuation of the liquified flux when the solder gets molten, brings about various benefits in soldering performance. **Conventional SP** S3X58-HF1100-3 Solder wetting/ spreading As the flux evacuates out of the molten solder, it does not prevent the solder to wet/spread. Flux residue disturbs Fast flux coagulation enhances smooth solder wetting smooth wetting Flux splatters Reduction of flux splattering Swift evacuation of the liquified flux out of the molten solder effectively reduces the chance of flux Remaining flux & generated Instant flux & gas splattering. gas causes flux splattering evacuation prevents splattering Lower voiding Swift coagulation and evacuation of the liquified flux carries flux gas out of the molten solder and leaves less remaining flux residue that could be a source of Liquified flux & flux gas Effectively removes voids evacuates instantly when solder void generation. becomes molten

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Specification



Purpose		Printing			
Product Name		S3X58-HF1100-3			
Alloy Property	Alloy Composition (%)	Sn3.0Ag0.5Cu			
	Melting Point (°C)	217 - 219			
	Powder Shape	Spherical			
	Grain Size (µm)	20 - 38			
Flux Property	Halide Content (%)	0			
	Flux type*1	ROL0			
Solder Paste Property	Flux Content (%)	11.7±1.0			
	Viscosity *2 (Pa.s)	190±30			
	Copper Plate Corrosion*3	Passed			
	Tack Time	≥ 72 hours			
	Shelf Life (below 10°C)	6 months			
Solder Paste Property	Flux type*1         Flux Content (%)         Viscosity *2 (Pa.s)         Copper Plate Corrosion*3         Tack Time         Shelf Life (below 10°C)	ROL0         11.7±1.0         190±30         Passed         ≥ 72 hours         6 months			

\*1. Flux Designation:

\*2. Viscosity:

\*3. Copper Plate Corrosion:

In accordance with IPC J-STD-004B and 004C Measured by Malcom viscometer at 10 rpm at 25°C. In accordance with IPC TM650-2.6.15





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area ratio ≥0.52.







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#### Viscosity stability – During paste replenishment Contents Test condition Feature Print (knead) solder paste on the sealed-up stencil continually up to 40 hours to observe viscosity variation. • Squeegee: Metal blades · Print stroke: 300 mm Specification • Squeegee angle: 55° • Printing environment: 24~26 °C, 40~60%RH • Squeegee speed: 20 mm/sec. • Half of the solder paste on the stencil was replaced with fresh solder paste after every 960 strokes (8 hours) Printability of kneading up to 4,800 strokes (40 hours) Viscosity stability 0.8 250 0.75 Meltabilitv 200 0.7 Voiding Viscosity (Pa.s) 0.65 Ti value 150 Flux splattering 0.6 100 0.55 Electrical reliability Max. variation 0.5 ---Vis. 50 Halogen content Viscosity: 5% 0.45 ----Ti Ti value: 3% \*120 strokes/hour General properties 0 0.4 1000 2000 3000 4000 0 Handling guide Number of strokes

Continual paste print strokes with periodical paste replenishment resulted in stable rheology (viscosity and thixotropy).









Regardless of the type of surface finish, the solder coalesced completely and caused no unmolten solder particles.





#### Meltability – Solder spreading / Coagulation









Contents	Meltability	/ – Reflo	w profile	depend	ency – F	ine pattern	
Feature	Test condition <ul> <li>Surface finish</li> </ul>	: OSP	1. <b>(() 4</b> . 14. 1. 11.	<b>-</b>		300	
Specification	Other condition	ons: Refer	Profile B	- Fine pattern <sup>**</sup> Profile C	Profile D	ο <sup>200</sup>	
Printability	Pre-heating	130-190 °C 85 sec.	150-190 °C 75 sec.	150-190 °C 96 sec.	100-190 °C 96 sec.	100 50	Profile A Profile B Profile C
Viscosity stability	Peak temp.	241 °C	240 °C	240 °C	247 °C	0 50	Profile D
Meltability	Time ≥220ºC	32 sec.	32 sec.	41 sec.	35 sec.	0 50	Time (sec.)
Voiding			Profile A	Pro	ofile B	Profile C	Profile D
Flux splattering	CSP 0.25 mm di		0 (		• • • •		
Electrical reliability	0.20 mm an		0 0			o o	
Halogen content							
General properties Handling guide	0603R						



> S3X58-HF1100-3 shows good meltability without dependency on the type of reflow profile used.







S3X58-HF1100-3 resulted in good spreading and no solder balls were left in-between tracks after coagulation without dependency on the type of reflow profile used.









Contents	Voiding								
Feature	Test conditio	n Glas	s enoxy FR-4		Component:	100% Sr SAC305	n plated – Pv - BGA	vTr, QF	N
Specification	Surface finish: OSP, ImSn, ImAg, ENIG     Stencil thickness: 0.12 mm (laser cut)			Heat source: Hot air convection     Atmosphere: Air					
Printability	<ul> <li>Stencil ape</li> </ul>	rture: 100	% aperture opening	g to pad	Reflow profile:	See "Me	Itability - Fin	e patter	'n
Viscosity stability		OSP	lmSn	lmAg	ENIG	40			
Meltability	PwTr	-				35			
Voiding	· · · · ·					30 (%) <sub>25</sub>			
Flux splattering						02 d ratio			OSP ImSn
Electrical reliability	QFN			6		15			ImAg
Halogen content						10			
General properties	BGA					5			
Handling guide						0	PwTr C	2FN	BGA



> Consistently low voiding is achieved with each type of component and surface finish.













![](_page_18_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_2.jpeg)

dendrite growth observed.

![](_page_18_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

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# Halogen content

Measurement Method

Ion Chromatography, Quartz combustion tube

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

Elements	Results
F	Not detected*
CI	Not detected
Br	Not detected
I	Not detected
	*Not detected: Detection limit <50ppm

![](_page_19_Picture_5.jpeg)

S3X58-HF1100-3 has no addition of any of the halogens and is classified as ROL0 (Cl+Br+l+F = <500ppm according to IPC J-STD-004B).</p>

![](_page_19_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_20_Picture_12.jpeg)

#### **General properties**

ltem	Result	Test Method
Slump properties	0.3 mm pass	JIS Z 3284-3 150°C for 10 min.
Solder ball test	Category 3	JIS Z 3284-4
Tack time	≥ 72 hours	JIS Z 3284-3
Cu mirror test	Type L	IPC-TM-650 2.3.32
Cu plate corrosion test	No corrosion	IPC-TM-650 2.6.15
Insulation resistance test	≥ 1E+11 Ω	IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.7
Electrochemical migration test	No evidence of migration	IPC-TM-650 2.6.14.1

![](_page_20_Picture_15.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### Handling guide – Recommended print condition Contents **Recommended print condition** Feature 1) Squeegee condition 1. Shape Flat Specification 2. Material Metal or Urethane blade 3. Anale 50-60° Printability 4. Print pressure Relatively low (40-60 N) 5. Squeegee speed 20 - 80 mm/sec. Viscosity stability 2) Stencil 1. Thickness 0.15-0.10 mm for 0.65-0.4 mm pitch pads **Meltability** 2. Fabrication method Laser or chemical etch 3. Stencil release speed 7.0-10.0 mm/sec. Voiding 4. Snap-off speed 0 mm 3) Usage condition Flux splattering 1.Temperature 23-26°C 2. Humidity 40-60%RH Electrical reliability 3. Air conditioning Direct air blowing on the stencil will dry the solder paste faster. Adjust the direction of air blowing on the stencil using a shield, etc. 4) Usage Notes Halogen content 1. Stencil thickness The maximum recommended stencil thickness is 0.2 mm. A thicker stencil than this may induce the occurrence of solder balling around the General properties solder fillet. 2. Pin-in-Paste Flux residue may accumulate on the tip of connector pins. It is not recommended to Handling guide strike the ICT probe at the tip of the connector pins. Caution: When handling solder paste, personal protective measures as advised by your Health and Safety

department should always be adhered to.

![](_page_21_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_0.jpeg)

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#### Contents

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#### Handling guide – Pot life & Shelf life

 $\rightarrow$  Within 24 hours

paste.

Storage temperature

2. Shelf life (at 0 ~ 10°C)

- 1. Pot life
  - 1) Once paste has returned to ambient temperature it is fit for use.

2) Once the solder paste is opened, but not kneaded by a spatula nor a mixing machine

3) Once the solder paste is opened and kneaded by a spatula or a mixing machine  $\rightarrow$  Within 1 week to 1 month by storing it back in the refrigerator at 0-10°C

 $\rightarrow$  Within the remaining shelf life of the product by storing it back in the refrigerator at 0-10°C.

4) Once the solder paste is opened, kneaded by a spatula and worked on the stencil with the squeegee blades.

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![](_page_22_Picture_14.jpeg)

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![](_page_22_Picture_17.jpeg)

Package

Attention: "Storage temperature" is applicable upon receipt by customer – label information on product also relates to storage conditions of product upon receipt by customer.

Shelf life

\*NOTE: What is described in this guide does not necessarily mean a guarantee of the performance/guality of the solder

\* How to interpret the lot number: e.g. Lot No. 2 05 19 1

<u>2</u> 	<u>   1</u>	<u>9</u>	Ļ	•
				•
				•
				►

# of production batch:	1st batch
Date of production:	19th

roduction. 19th

Month of production: May

Year of production:

![](_page_22_Picture_25.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_3.jpeg)